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FAIR CHANCE FOR "NEW DEAL" IN OIL CRISIS

London, July 29.
Mr W. Averell Harriman will return to Teheran early this week with the feeling that there is a fair chance of working out a "new deal" between Iran and Britain on the oil question.

Mr Harriman spent all of this afternoon at the country home of the Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, after a special meeting at 10 Downing Street with other Ministers on Saturday. Sources close to Mr Harriman represented him as feeling well satisfied both with his mission so far in Teheran, where he has succeeded in getting the Iranians to consider resumption of negotiations with the British, and here in London, where the Labour government has agreed to consider the start of talks again.

Mr Harriman himself was said to give a great deal of credit on the Iranian side of his mission to Mr Walter Levy, his special consultant and expert on oil matters. Mr Levy was described as a "wonder man" in convincing the Iranians that within a few days it would be impossible for them to run the oilfields without the help of some big oil group like the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company.

Mr Harriman's mission is not finished. He will return to Teheran and remain there, at least during the first part of the resumed negotiations between Iran and Britain. He refuses to allow himself to be called mediator, but the purpose of his remaining in Teheran during the negotiations, it was learned, would be to help if the talks again got sticky and help prevent them from collapsing again.

He has found here that the British government is moving

Four Killed In Plane Crash

La Paz, Bolivia, July 29.
Four officials of Lloyd Aero Boliviano and the wives of two of them were killed today when one of the airline's cargo planes crashed near Coe Habano airport.

The LAB plane had just taken off for Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, when the crash occurred. It was the line's first accident in eight years.—Associated Press.

He Couldn't
Make Trip



Here, with his children at their Surbiton home, is Dr Eric Burhop, 40-year-old atom scientist, who could not make proposed trip to Moscow recently because the British authorities cancelled his passport.—AP Photo.

Russia Ready For High Level Talks

London, July 29.
The Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, Mr Jacob Malik, told visiting British delegation that Russia was ready to take part in Great Power negotiations at the highest level, members of the group stated on their return today.

The seven British Quakers took with them a list of questions in the form of "seven points for peace" which Mr Malik answered.

Their first point was that the Russian Government should give evidence of its willingness

subject to reciprocal action to restrain hostile propaganda against the West and permit the publication of responsible statements expressing the peace aims of the Western Government.

Mr Malik replied that the Soviet Government did not threaten anyone. It had no predatory or aggressive policy and could have none. It did not conduct hostile propaganda against other countries.

As for publication of statements expressing peaceful intention on the part of the West such statements, if really designed to strengthen peace, would always be met with a cordial response.

The group's second point was that Russia should allow non-political intercourse between professional groups and individuals in the Soviet Union and Western countries.

Winnington said, "We feel that the Communists have made concessions but the other side has made no concessions."

The Reds have conceded to the UN demands on three specific issues. They neutralised Kaesong, allowed UN correspondents into the cease-fire city and capitulated on their demand to have all foreign troops withdraw immediately from Korea."

UN CONCESSIONS

But the United Nations on the other hand, conceded to the Reds in the early stages of the talks. General Matthew B. Ridgway, Supreme UN commander, agreed to meetings in Kaesong instead of aboard the Danish hospital ship, Jutlandia, and allowed the Communists to set the date of meetings.

In reply Mr Malik said that the Soviet Union strictly abided by the principle of sovereignty by all countries in their internal affairs. "Each country, if it wishes, will make its own revolution but it doesn't, there will be no revolution," he declared.

Mr Malik said that the group's fourth point concerning internationally controlled disarmament "whether conforming to the Soviet concept of proportionate reductions or not" was of extremely great importance.

The Soviet Government had proposed to the United Nations a one-third reduction of all armed forces in 1950-51 with the possibility of further reductions later. This will be followed by Soviet policy.

MUTUAL AID

The Quakers' fifth point asked Mr. Malik whether the Soviet Union would cooperate in a world plan for mutual economic aid under the United Nations.

Mr. Malik outlined what were in his Government's view the principles governing relations between economically advanced and economically backward

(Cont'd. on back page, Col. 5)

Regulations Are Being Violated

tions that dogs should either be under control or muzzled when out of their homes remain effective and there is no reason, simply because no cases of rabies have been reported for some time, why they should not be strictly enforced. Ignorance of the law cannot be held as an excuse for its violation, any more than it is possible to tolerate wilful disobedience. The Authorities would be doing a service to the community if they instituted a closer check on the manner in which dog owners let their animals loose without any regard for the current regulations or the safety of the general public.

COMPROMISE AT KAESONG LIKELY TODAY Arbitrary Line For Demilitarisation May Be Drawn

Tokyo, July 30.
The deadlocked United Nations and Red negotiators might reach the compromise stage today in their tug-of-war over where to draw the truce line across Korea.

Dispatches from the Allied advance camp below Kaesong hinted that one side or the other might give ground soon on the demarcation line, the basic issue being argued out across the conference table.

Vice-Admiral C. Turner Joy, chief UN delegate, and Gen. Nam Il, Communist chief negotiator, sparred for nearly three hours at the 13th meeting on Sunday.

But the UN advance camp reported that the negotiators will "enter a compromise phase today now that both sides have presented clearly their plans for the demilitarised zone, it was believed here."

Some quarters at the camp believed that the negotiators would draw an arbitrary line across Korea disregarding both the 38th parallel and the present battle line.

Brigadier General William Buckols, information chief who briefed newsmen at the camp on the Sunday session, said the United Nations is not interested in any political division such as the parallel. He said the UN purpose is to stop war. He added that when the truce line is drawn, it will be solely for the purpose of stopping shooting. He said, "The United Nations delegation's position, from the start, has been that this is a military conference aimed at a military armistice and a cease-fire. Only military matters are proper."

Adm. Joy, with his patience wearing out, urged the Communists on Sunday to confine their remarks at the conference to immediate military problems faced by the negotiators. In his opening remarks, Gen. Nam Il apparently loosed a propaganda broadside or sought to stray into the political field, drawing Adm. Joy's stiff admonition to keep to business at hand.

A correspondent with the Communist delegation in Kaesong yesterday said the cease-fire talks were getting "sticky" because the "Americans are raising their price." The newsman was identified as Alan Winnington of the London Daily Worker. Winnington, in the past, has been the mirror of Communist sentiment in the Far East.

Winnington said, "We feel that the Communists have made concessions but the other side has made no concessions."

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(Cont'd. on back page, Col. 5)

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Trade Unions Give Warning

London, July 29.
Britain's Labour Government received clear warning today that its vast trade union following expects drastic action to halt the rising cost of living.

Unions representing 2,500,000 workers, many of them in the vital rearmament industries, came out solidly with a sharp demand that more should be done to bring down spiralling prices.

In a series of resolutions tabled for the Trade Union Congress annual meeting in September, they charged that big business profits were going up while workers' pockets emptied.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, Government has already moved to placate the unions, on which he depends for a major part of his vote.

The Socialists, impressed by the vigour of trade union opinion, last week pegged company dividends so that they can rise no higher than those recorded in the last two years.

The unions were promised a return of some price controls to cut living costs.

RESOLUTIONS

One of the resolutions calls for (1) Reduction of the cost of living; (2) wage increases to meet changed prices; (3) strict price-control; (4) more Government subsidies to reduce prices; (5) more taxes on profits; and (6) removal of purchase tax from non-luxury goods.

Nearly all the resolutions press for tight curbs on big business profits, and express "alarm" and "strong protest" at rising prices of goods in the shops.

Background to the crisis is that costs of consumer goods have risen by 25 per cent since 1947, seven per cent more than the figure agreed by the unions as the "danger level."

Only three resolutions, tabled by unions with a combined membership of 80,000, are critical of the arms drive.

It was considered an indication that there will be little support by trade unions recommended by "ex-Labour" Minister Aneurin Bevan, who resigned from the Government in April on the ground that increased rearmament would sap the nation's economy.—Reuters.

RIVER DISASTER

Bogota, Colombia, July 29.
Eighteen persons were drowned and seven saved today when a launch capsized and sank in the wash of a passing river boat, according to Press dispatches from Puerto LaBrida on the Magdalena River northwest of here.—Associated Press.

FREMLINS' REAL BEER AT LAST!

Here's a Lager you'll really enjoy — b.c.e.w.d. a Fremlyn's to the most rigid Lager standards. Ask for Fremlyn's Lager and make sure you do get it.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Kashmir Dispute

THE mixture of belligerency and conciliation marking the utterances of both Indian and Pakistan political leaders and spokesmen give to the current crisis over Kashmir an appearance of unreality. Nevertheless a profound danger that a delicate situation may become explosive certainly exists. Mass demonstrations at this time present a menace, especially as they excite emotions at the expense of reason. They have led, for example, to Pakistanis shouting slogans about a "holy war" and to their political leader proffering a clenched fist as a new symbol. Possibly these mass parades and the hot and cold utterances of Mr Nehru can be discounted as "sound and fury, signifying nothing," but they make no contribution to the resolving of the Kashmir problem. Nor is the tension lightened by the charges and counter-charges of troop concentrations, alleged seizure of unmarked islets, and accusations of bad faith. The real issue, the future of Kashmir and how it can be reasonably and satisfactorily settled, is being lost in a welter of polemics. Few, if any, signs are visible that India and Pakistan can meet amicably and work out a formula capable of composing their differences. The mediatory offices of the United Nations therefore become essential, but even these are being frustrated by obstruction. A plebiscite to determine the future status of Kashmir appears as an obvious course to be taken, and that it should be conducted under the auspices of the United Nations is equally natural. But for reasons not very clear, this proposition has been rejected by one side, although approved by the other. What alternative proposition is in the mind of the UN mediator, Dr Frank Graham, is at present unrevealed, but the first requirement is that both India and Pakistan should remove whatever troop concentrations they have made close to and within the disputed area, and that their responsible leaders should refrain from giving any approval to mass demonstrations or belligerent speeches. A military conflict over Kashmir will not settle anything. A genuine spirit of conciliation on both sides is demanded, together with a willingness to permit United Nations mediation to be applied in a practical manner.

Regulations Are Being Violated

THE absence of rabies in the Colony this year gives rise to the hope that the vigorous preventive campaign carried out by the Authorities will be a permanent success. Nevertheless it is necessary that there should be no relaxing of precautions, and in this respect dog owners share as much responsibility as Government. It is noticeable, however, (and on the Island in particular), there is a growing disposition for dog owners to allow their animals to roam at will without muzzles, while it is very common today on the mid levels to meet dogs being taken out for exercise which are neither on a leash, nor muzzled. The regula-

DREAD DISEASE CLAIMS VICTIMS

Seoul, July 29.
Infectious jaundice, known as Weil's Disease, believed to have been caught by swimming in Korean rivers, has killed several men of a United Nations division, a medical officer said today.

With the cease-fire talks deadlocked, the Korean fighting front reflected the same mood from the Imjin River to the Japan Sea on Sunday with both sides just sparring. That was not to mean that the Allies had ceased their incessant harassment of the Communists far behind the lines.

The Reds did send up some night fighters in predawn darkness on Sunday morning in an attempt to half raiding Allied B-26s, but nothing came of their efforts as U.N. bombers bore in on their targets from just south of the Yalu River to Pyongyang, and the east coast port of Wonsan.—United Press.

PEKING RADIO HINTS

Tokyo, July 30.
Red China indicated yesterday that the Kaesong cease-fire talks may end in a deadlock unless the Allied negotiators give in on the crucial truce line issue.

Doctors and research men are investigating whether the Han and Pukhan Rivers are carrying the infection which is understood to be rat and mouse bites.—Reuters.

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Africans Train With Guards

RSM James Ndawa, of the King's African Rifles, and Sgt. Saturnino Odida, of the East African Armoured Corps, have made history by being the first East African soldiers to attend a course at the Guards' Depot, Pirbright. They are seen here on left of the front rank with Grenadier Guards Drill Sergeant Edwards.

Campaign Against Bad Taste

New York, July 29. The formation of a Council to campaign against caricaturing Negroes in theatrical presentations was announced today.

Known as the Co-ordinating Council for Negro Performers, it will be headed by a former United States Minister to Liberia, Mr Lester A. Walton.

"It will be the aim of the new organisation to promote a better understanding on such controversial issues as questionable good taste in the selection of material written for Negro parts, caricatures and stereotyped characters and characterisations," the announcement said.

The Council was formed by members of the Negro Actors Guild, a welfare organisation. Its membership will be interracial, and will include representatives of the stage, screen, radio, television, Press and other fields.—Reuter.

STALIN WAS LEFT OUT

London, July 29. No mention is made of Marshal Stalin in the 18 slogans issued today by the Chinese Central People's Government for the 24th anniversary of Chinese Army Day, August 1, according to a New China News Agency message received in London.

Chinese Communist leader, Mr Mao Tse-tung, is mentioned in two of the slogans. Neither the Russian Army nor the Korean Army is mentioned. The only Communist Party referred to is that of China.

The No. 8 slogan said: "Oppose the American imperialist invasions of Korea and Formosa and oppose the rearming of Japan." — Reuter.

PROOF POSITIVE

Penang, July 29. To prove that she was the tenant of a house, a Chinese woman, defendant in a civil case, cut off the head of a white rooster outside the Penang Sessions Court.

Her daughter-in-law, the plaintiff, who watched the proceedings, then withdrew the suit.—Reuter.

SHOWING — QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA
TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15,
7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



NEXT CHANGE — QUEEN'S
W. Somerset Maugham's
TRIO
Jean Simmons
Anne Crawford

TO-MORROW — ALHAMBRA
ROBERT DONAT in
"THE CURE FOR LOVE"
with Renée Asherson

GYM PARK
CINEMA
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THE NICEST LITTLE
THEATRE IN TOWN
TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 &
9.30 P.M.

17, Hankow Rd., Kowloon
TO-DAY ONLY
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20
& 9.30 P.M.

**NEHRU EXPRESSES HOPE FOR PEACE WITH PAKISTAN****"Madness To Talk Of War In Present Situation"**

New Delhi, July 29. The Indian Prime Minister, Mr Jawaharlal Nehru, expressed the hope tonight that after India had taken steps to defend and secure her borders there might probably be no Indo-Pakistani war.

Addressing a mammoth public meeting under heavy rain here, Mr Nehru said, "In the event of our country being so prepared and ready, the threatened attack from outside might not take place at all."

The Prime Minister declared that whatever the Government of India did was solely with a view to maintaining and preserving peace, but in the event of attack India was now fully prepared.

Congratulating his countrymen who "had not lost their balance even in face of Pakistan's repeated threats," he said it was sheer madness for anybody to talk of war in the present world context.

"I cannot say what the Government of Pakistan is feeling in the matter. But I know that an armed conflict between India and Pakistan would result in untold suffering and destruction."

Only people with deranged minds would talk of war, he added.

Mr Nehru said that in all matters affecting Indo-Pakistani relations, India's stand and policies were right and Pakistan's wrong.

Over the Kashmir issue, he added, India's stand was also right and Pakistan's "utterly wrong."

Referring to "war cries" in Pakistan, Mr Nehru said that the Pakistani Premier, in an emotional speech the other day, showed a clenched fist as a new symbol to the Pakistani people.

India, he added, had also given a symbol to the people—the symbol of Ashoka Chakra (wheel) which represented peace, morality and the ancient culture and peaceful ways of this country.—Reuter.

KARACHI PLEDGE

Karachi, July 29. Five hundred Muslim League National Guards today signed a pledge with their blood "offering to lay down their lives in the defence of Pakistan."

The ceremony was held this afternoon at the mazar (grave) of Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah.

The Commandant of the Guards told the Press at the mazar that the ceremony was the direct result of Mr Liaquat Ali Khan's statement of July 15 accusing India of massing her troops against Pakistan's borders with aggressive designs.

The ceremony commenced with the firing of a five-gun salute by a Muslim League National Guard. This was followed by the offering of prayers and the laying of a wreath on Jinnah's tomb.

The Commandant of the Guards then pierced a quarter-inch deep 10-inch dagger into his left forearm. The blood that flowed out was utilised with the aid of a match stick to write on a piece of paper a pledge offering his own services and those of the Guards in the service of Pakistan.

This pledge is to be sent to the Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr Liaquat Ali Khan. The Commandant had so far not called at the Foreign Office here to make any protest, according to a usually reliable source.

The source said that when the Spanish Ambassador called on Mr Herbert Morrison, the Foreign Secretary, at the Foreign Office on Friday, he made no protest about the British attitude.

According to the source, the Ambassador and Mr Morrison had then discussed Anglo-Spanish relationships generally. The source added that the British Government's views had been made known by Ministers in the House of Commons during the last week.

The late Admiral Forrest Sherman, United States Naval Chief of Operations, recently investigated in Madrid the possibility of the United States acquiring a number of strategic Spanish air and naval bases.

The main objections of the British Government to any closer association between Spain and the members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation are political and are based on the fear that the ideological coherence of the Atlantic Pact Governments might be weakened.—Reuter.

The announcement of the appointment of an American to the high post has been temporarily delayed, however, because Admiral Fechteler, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Atlantic Fleet, as supreme commander of the NATO sea forces in the Atlantic.

The Muslim League National Guards organisation is a party of the Pakistan Muslim League, the ruling party. The area round the grave was guarded by police and a rifle-carrying policeman stood guard at Jinnah's tomb.—Reuter.

MINISTER'S DECISION

Lucknow, July 29. The Indian Communications Minister, Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, told newsmen today that he will resign from

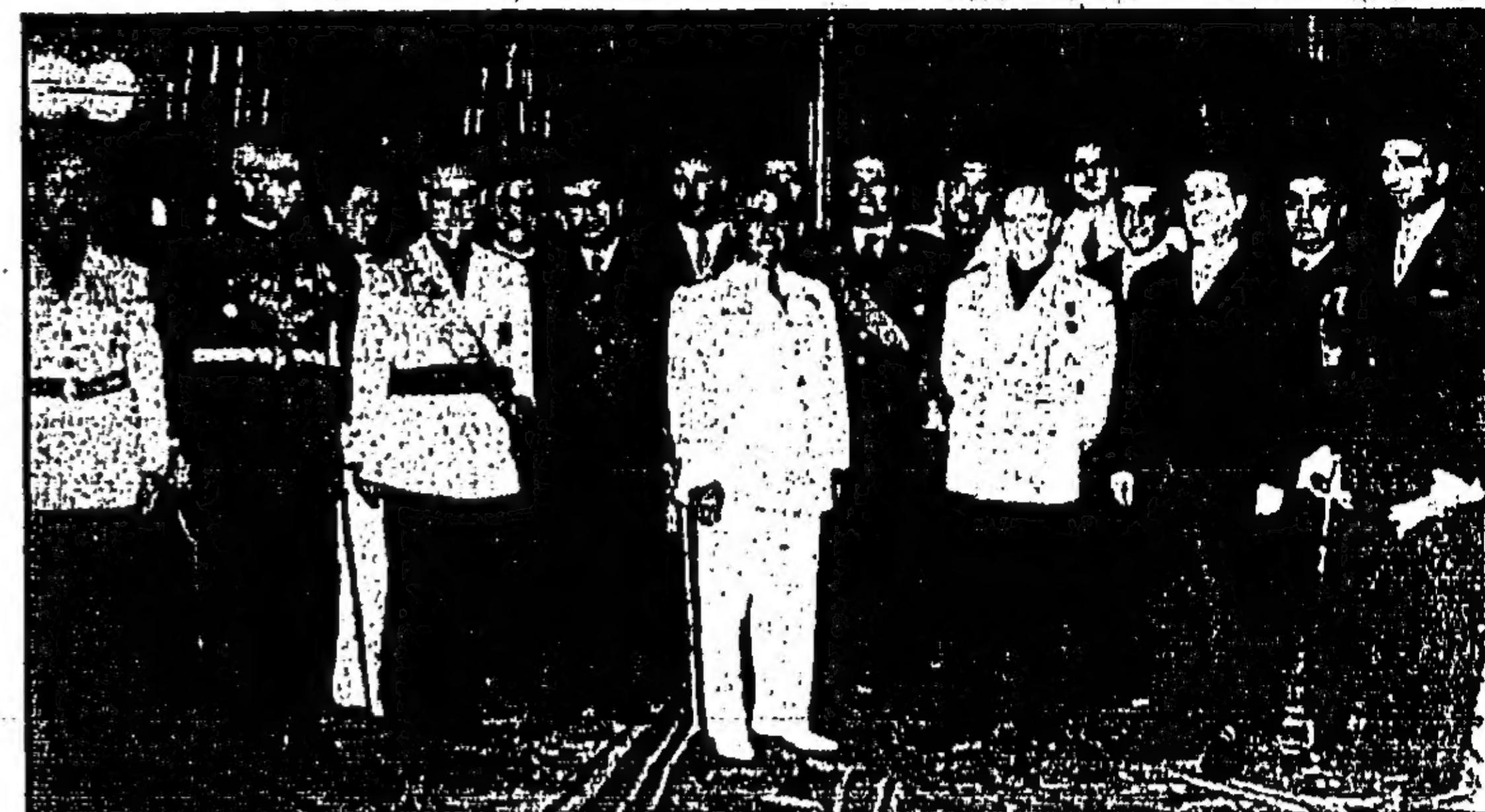
the post of Minister of Posts and Telegraphs if either written or verbal had yet been received from the Spanish Ambassador in Paris concerning French opposition to the United States-Spanish negotiations.

Paris, July 29. A French Foreign Ministry spokesman tonight denied that any protest "either written or verbal" had yet been received from the Spanish Ambassador in Paris concerning French opposition to the United States-Spanish negotiations.

POP

Over 4,500 delegates and about 2,000 private observers today ended a five-day Youth Congress of the Seventh Day Adventist Church.

"Share your faith" was the theme of the Congress, which discussed world moral reform. Delegates came from Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Finland, The Netherlands, Austria, Italy, Switzerland, France, Belgium, Britain, Portugal, Spain, Germany, and other countries. They represented 1,000 churches and 100,000 members.—Reuter.

General Franco's New "Woo-West Cabinet"**SPAIN PROTESTS ANGLO-FRENCH ATTITUDE**

Madrid, July 29. Spain has officially protested against British and French opposition to US-Spanish negotiations, the Foreign Ministry announced today.

The Spanish Ambassadors in London and Paris delivered the notes on Friday, it was stated.

The announcement said the notes warned the two Governments that they bear "complete responsibility" for the unfriendly attitudes shown in their opposition to the US-Spanish talks.

The announcement said: "In view of the attitudes shown by the Governments of Britain and France during the present Hispano-American conversations, the Spanish Embassies in London and Paris, carrying out instructions from the Foreign Ministry, presented notes of protest stating that the Spanish Government and people totally reject this new effort by both Governments to interfere in such a private affair of national sovereignty as its direct relations with another power."

"We know absolutely nothing about it up to this time," he declared.

A despatch from Madrid said the Spanish Foreign Ministry announced that the Spanish Ambassador in London and Paris delivered protest notes on Friday.

A spokesman at the Spanish Embassy insisted, however, that a note "was delivered to the Qat el-Osray several days ago."

—Associated Press.

SENATOR'S PLAN

Washington, July 29. Mr Warren Magnuson, Democrat Senator, suggested here today that the United States should try to lease Spanish bases "on a rental basis".

"Pay them whatever they are worth. Pay Spain with American dollars and stay out of some of these political complexities," he said.

These complexities were the granting of aid to Spain and her admission to the Atlantic Pact which he did not favour at present.

Mr Magnuson was taking part in a radio debate with a Republican Senator, Mr Alexander Smith, who said it was vital to enlist Spain in the Western defence.—Reuter.

They were appointed by Mr Patrick Gordon-Walker, Commonwealth Relations Minister, to study the Bumangwato situation, and arrived here on Friday.

The situation in the Bumangwato Reserve of Bechuanaland was peaceful today after the recent disturbances at Serowe and other places, according to European officials and private residents.

US Diplomatic Agreements

Washington, July 29. The occupation statute and other agreements for the merger of the Western Zones of Germany as well as the economic co-operation agreement with the Federal Republic of Germany are included in the sixth of the State Department's releases on United States agreements, which the Department issued today.

The current release contains annotations on more than 200 international agreements not previously included in the publication and brings to more than 1,100 the total number of agreements annotated.—United Press.

Supporters in Serowe of Seretse and former Regent of the tribe—who were being kept in a security camp in case they should be in danger from the followers of Seretse, were reported to have left camp of their own accord and to be mingling with the supporters of Seretse.—Reuter.

Allegation By Peking

Djakarta, July 29. The Indonesian radio quoted reliable sources as saying that the Thailand Government had officially announced a decision to sever postal relations with China as part of an "embargo" aimed at cutting off all relations between the Chinese in Thailand and China.

The Radio alleged that mail from China to Thailand could not be delivered because the Hongkong authorities refused to forward it.—Reuter.

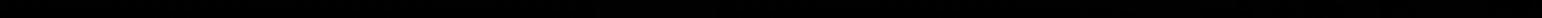
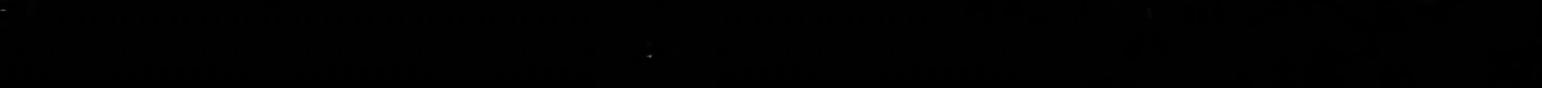
There was no confirmation of the sum from the Foreign Ministry. The radio said the Japanese could extend the payments, including services, over a long period in view of Japan's present financial conditions.—Associated Press.

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Post-humorous!

Taft Suggests Joint Anglo-U.S. Control Of "World Sea And Air"

Plymouth, Mass., July 29.

Senator Robert Taft (Republican, Ohio) said today that to oppose Russia successfully the United States must obtain control of the sea and air throughout the world with the help of the British Empire.

Speaking to about 8,000 persons Senator Taft said the nation must increase its armed forces tremendously. He added that complete control of the sea should be the most important element in building up defence against Russia because the United States could not fight the Russians on the ground throughout the entire world.

"I believe control of the sea and air throughout the world is within our capacity and that we should therefore undertake to secure that control with the co-operation of the British Empire," he declared.

He charged that the Administration had reached a "low point" in "direct corruption" and was trying to establish a socialistic form of government.

The Senator spoke to the "Pilgrimage to Plymouth," sponsored by the Plymouth County Republican Party. The pilgrimage was designed to remind Americans of their Colonial heritage.

"There is no reason for pessimism about the present situation," Senator Taft told his audience. "There is no reason for trepidation. We are by far the greatest nation in the world and the fastest-growing nation. It is only our leadership which has led us temporarily into an emergency problem."

Standing on a platform built near the historic Plymouth Rock, Senator Taft continued: "We cannot undertake to engage in land warfare with Russia throughout the entire world or meet every advance the Communists may make. Land warfare in Europe or Asia is most dangerous and most expensive. But by controlling the air and sea, the United States will be safe and be able to provide the most aid to those seeking to check Communism throughout the world."

A WARNING

There was substantial unity between the Republican Party and the Administration on the general strategy of foreign policy but they differed radically on domestic issues. He favoured monetary and military aid to foreign nations asking it, "but," warned against trying to do more than "we have the capacity to do".

"My only quarrel is with those who demand that we go all out beyond our capacity in Europe and at the same time refuse to apply our general programme and strategy to the Far East."

The nations fighting Communism must be earnestly and enthusiastically determined to defend themselves.

"We can assist those who are defending themselves, but cannot undertake the job ourselves or do anything unless the bulk of defence is furnished by the

upon each House in Congress by the constitution.

"5. Bipartisan policy must include all specific subjects and areas of the world in which important American policies and commitments are to operate."

"6. There must be full disclosure by the Administration to representatives of both Parties of all facts and documents necessary to policies to be formulated and decisions to be made."

"7. Bipartisan policy should not be expected to silence the sincere criticism which is the essence of representative government and safeguard of national interest."

Senator Ferguson also said bipartisan policy could not be achieved by "proclaiming it in fancy State papers" or by "pulling a few Republican advisers into the Democratic camp."

SENATOR'S DEMAND

Washington, July 29.

Senator Homer Ferguson (Republican) said today that President Truman could obtain bipartisan co-operation in foreign policy any time he accepted seven "ground rules".

In a statement prepared for delivery in the Senate on Monday, Senator Ferguson said the President must share making of foreign policy with Congress.

He added that national unity was endangered because the rule was not followed in the case of the Korean war.

"The nation cannot afford to risk blundering into World War III through some similar episode," he said.

He added that, to be successful, foreign policy must have strong support from all people and bipartisan policy was one way to achieve it. He suggested the following "ground rules":

"1. Bipartisan policy-making requires participation of responsible Party leaders in Congress;

MUST BE INCLUDED

"2. No employment of individual Republicans by the President or State Department, however popular or eminent they may be can constitute bipartisan action because such Republicans are not authorized to speak for their Party and they had not been elected by the Party to membership in Congress, the only place where effective Party action is provided for and recorded."

"3. Genuine bipartisan policy requires that the Party out of power must be included in take-offs of major policy decisions if it is to share in keeping the country united in 'crash landings.'

"4. Bipartisan policy cannot work if those who conduct our foreign relations ignore the spirit or letter of the constitution or resort to devices which bypass responsibilities placed

Moscow, July 29.

The new Soviet Navy Minister, M. Kuznetsov, today ordered

warships on the live seas to fire a 20-salvo salute in honour of Navy Day.

The order went out to the Red Fleets in the Baltic, Pacific, Black Sea, Caspian and Arctic.

Newspaper editorials here today stressed the might of Soviet naval power, saying that the Red Navy was "reliable guard" for the nation's 29,375-mile seaboard.

On the inside pages of the newspapers there were special Navy Day articles by Soviet admirals. In one Britain's famed Admiral Lord Nelson was described as an "imitator" of the Russian Admiral, Ushakov.

In others the Soviet Union was acclaimed as the "Fatherland" of radar—with which Russia was said to lead the world—and of—the armoured cruiser, the fast destroyer, the modern submarine, the torpedo boat and the minelayer.—Reuter.

State Dept. Accused

Washington, July 29.

The State Department was accused today of forging secret "handcuffs" which prevent speedy economic reprisals against Czechoslovakia for the gaoling of the American reporter, William Oatis.

O.R. Strickland, chairman of the National Labour Management Council on Foreign Trade, said during a broadcast over a local radio station that under the State Department's reciprocal trade programme months must elapse before any member nation could cancel trade concessions granted to any other country. As a result, he said, the United States could not act swiftly without violating the agreement.

Simultaneously, the National Assembly for the Advancement of Public Relations demanded the immediate closing of all Czech diplomatic and consular offices and the deportation of Czech diplomats within five days.—United Press.

MENZIES TO APPEAL

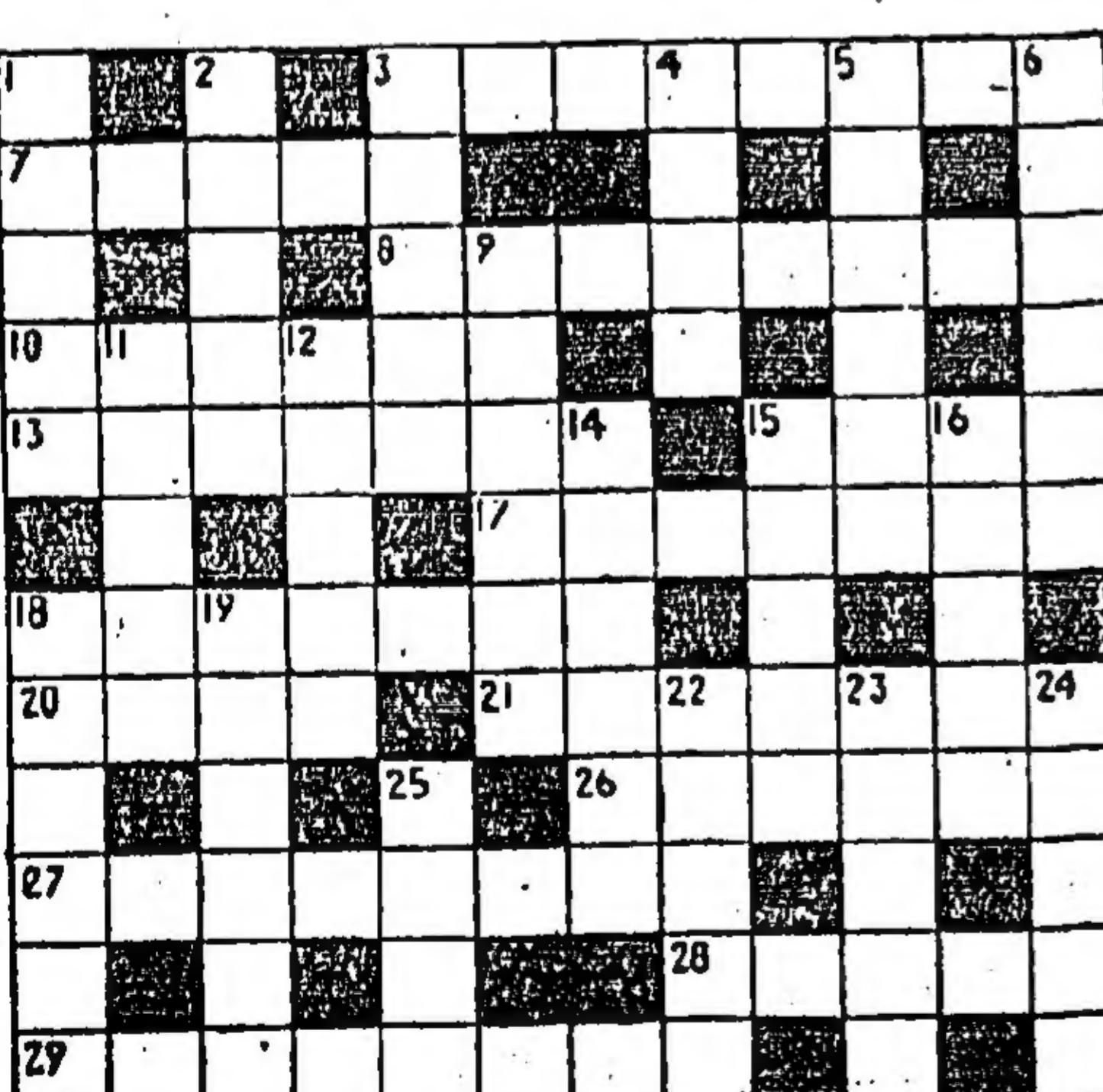
Sydney, July 29.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Robert Menzies, is expected to call on all sections of the Australian community at a conference tomorrow to make an all-out effort to speed up production and to reduce spending on non-essentials.

Newspapers today commented at length on the possibilities arising from the conference, it being agreed that the gathering will be vital to the collection of ideas for the best method of dealing with the inflationary spiral threatening the nation's economy.

Some newspapers predict sharp differences and even an early split among the delegates representing the State and Federal Governments, employers and unions as well as business, farm, women's and other interests.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 3. Mistrusts (6).
- 7. Dowdy person (5).
- 8. Tear (8).
- 10. Keep (6).
- 13. Flexible (7).
- 15. Secure (4).
- 17. Earned (7).
- 18. Small portion (7).
- 20. Pitcher (4).
- 21. Religious ceremonial (7).
- 23. Required (6).
- 27. Stubborn (8).
- 28. Shock (6).
- 29. Searches thoroughly (8).

DOWN

- 1. Burning (5).
- 2. Ration (6).
- 3. Divide (5).
- 4. Equal (4).
- 5. Tie (6).
- 6. Cozen (6).
- 7. Emity (6).
- 8. Joint (6).
- 9. On the move (6).
- 10. Mortise (6).
- 11. Riddle (5).
- 12. Recover (6).
- 13. Biographical sketch (6).
- 14. Deprive of feeling (6).
- 15. Staggers (6).
- 16. Form of expression (6).
- 17. Slides (6).
- 18. Tune (4).

SATURDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1. Attest; 6. Terse; 8. Trial; 9. Pursue; 10. Pupil; 11. Naked; 12. Open; 13. Realm; 16. Model; 18. Opined; 20. Lyric; 22. Bias; 23. Tread; 25. Gusto; 26. Tamling; 27. Ebb'd; 28. Chide; 29. Dogged. Down: 1. Aphrodite; 2. Tormentor; 3. Study; 4. Treason; 5. Teased; 6. Blister; 7. Spill; 14. Attiring; 15. Margated; 16. Microbe; 17. Debated; 19. Fitted.

Massed Anglo-American Sea Power



British and American warships lie at anchor in the Sliema and Lazarillo creeks of Valetta harbour, Malta. On the left in line are four destroyers of the Royal Navy's Mediterranean Fleet 1st Destroyer Flotilla. In centre are the USS Fitch and Macomb, and on right are other British destroyers and frigates.—AP Picture.

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Music by ROBERT COOPER
Story by ROBERT COOPER
Associate Producer ROBERT COOPER
Cinematography by ROBERT COOPER
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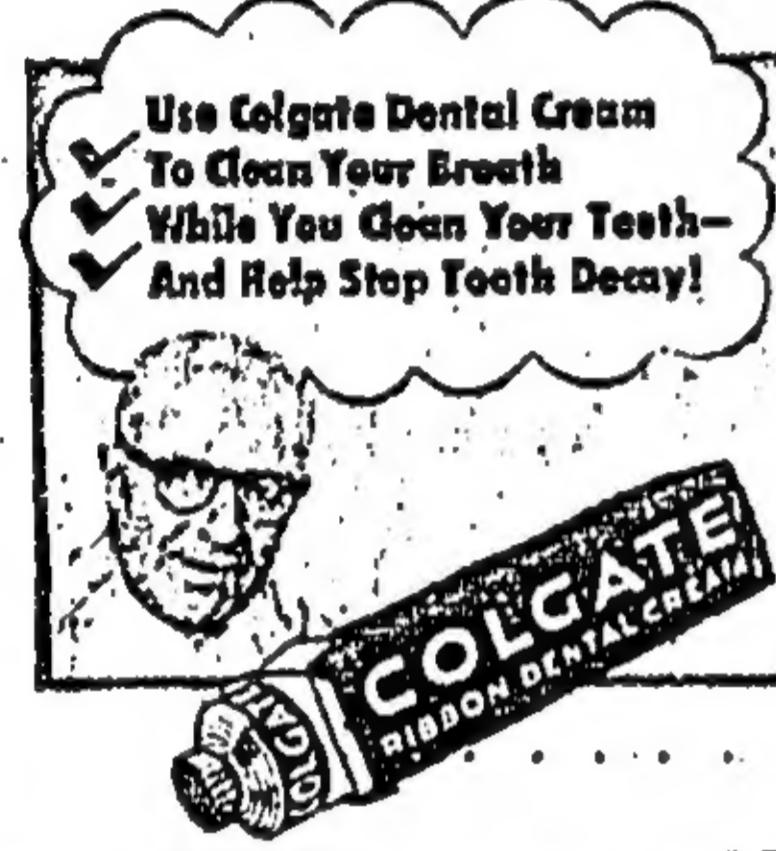
COLGATE DENTAL CREAM STOPS TOOTH DECAY BEST

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Reader's Digest recently reported the very same research which proves that the Colgate way of brushing teeth right after eating stops tooth decay best! The most thoroughly proved and accepted home method of oral hygiene known today!

More than 2 years' research showed that the Colgate way stopped more decay for more people than ever before reported in dentistry history! No other dentifrice—ammoniated or not—offers such proof—the most conclusive proof ever reported for a dentifrice of any type!

YOU SHOULD KNOW! Colgate's, while not mentioned by name, was the one and only toothpaste used in the scientific research on tooth decay recently reported in Reader's Digest.



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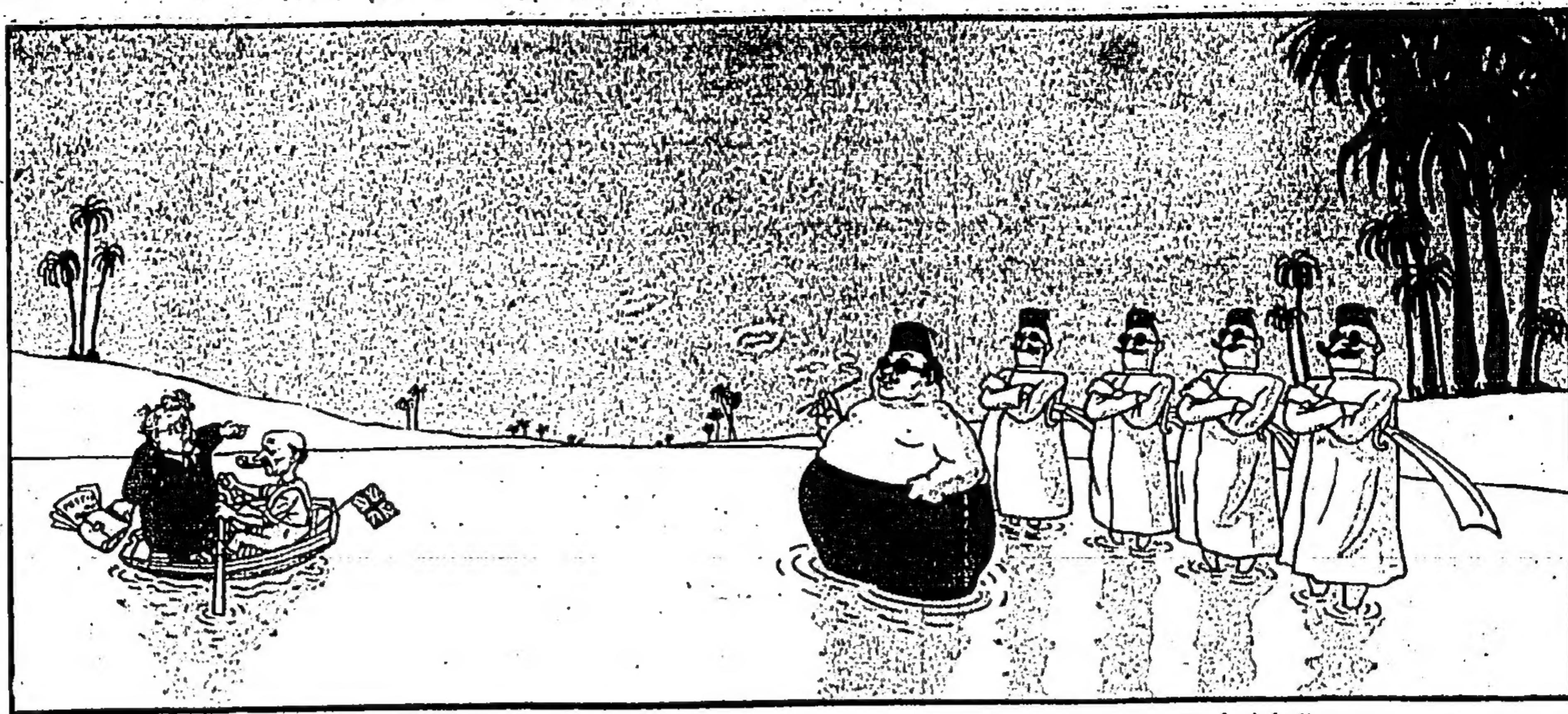
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"If you won't let us use the Suez Canal, we won't let you use Battersea Park lake."

London Express Service

WHAT'S GOING ON

By Ephraim Hardcastle

London.
THE QUEEN, away from strictly State functions, is always the first to enter into the spirit of the dance.

She can and does perform the musical gymnastics of "Bumps A Daisy," and "Hockey-Cockey."

She also likes modern fox-trots with smart, humorous lyrics such as "One of the Roving Kind."

But BERT AMBROSE, who has played through 25 of the Royal Family's dancing years, tells me that the Queen's favourite is the Viennese Waltz.

A third of the tunes his orchestra played recently at Buckingham Palace ball were Viennese waltzes.

They have always been THE KING'S favourites. Once Ambrose played a waltz lasting 30 minutes.

When it ended the King applauded for more.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH likes pleasant melodies. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH prefers his music "hot."

As in 1750

AN 18th century garden has been created in the grounds of the London home of MR EDWARD HULTON, the magazine publisher, and his wife, formerly Russian PRINCESS NIKA YOURIEVITSCH.

Recently they entertained nearly 600 guests in fashionable Hyde Park Gate, where CHURCHILL and EPSTEIN also live.

Artist FELIX HARBORD spent three months designing decorated outdoor rooms decorated by covered corridors.

Guests danced in a blue and green silk ballroom. Coloured fountains played.

There were salmon, lobster, and sole gras to each in a 70-foot supper tent.

Spanish Flamenco dancers and singers gave a cabaret in a mock Spanish street.

Cost? About £5,000.

Guide wanted

MOST sought-after book in London is a 3s. 6d. railway timetable.

Hotels, offices, and individual railway travellers are hunting for a copy of the A.B.C. Guide—without success.

Says SIR HEWITT SKINNER, 76-year-old chairman of the publishing company: "Hundreds have been writing or ringing up, but we can't help them."

"Paper supplies have been cut, and we've not been able to print enough."

The timetable is the only complete guide to trains to and from London, apart from Bradshaw's, which costs more than twice as much.

The words flow

WHO are the great orators?

A man who must be on any short list is now in Britain. He is MR JOHN BASSETT, a 65-year-old Canadian whose speeches surpass those of almost any other orator I know.

Like most great speakers he has an unusual characteristic.

While his words flow forth he stands with his hands on the table or desk before him, resting his weight.

As publisher of the Montreal Gazette and Toronto Telegram, he is one of the Dominion's most influential men.

Although partially crippled since a motor accident he travels around with the help of his wife's constant care.

He still retains the immense energy and drive which raised him from reporter to a director.

A big show

MY tip for the wedding of the MARQUIS OF BLANDFORD and MISS SUSAN HORNEY.

They are young people with the champagne of life in their veins.

Not for them the quiet weddin, the murmur of modesty associated with young couples about to be wed.

Their plans have yet to be announced, but I learn they would like to have a big spectacular wedding with all the frills and trimmings.

Will it be at Westminster Abbey? Though there is no fee for the Abbey, a big wedding there can cost over £100.

Charge for a full choir is around £40.

—London Express Service

AFTER 'THE BEST YEAR OF HIS LIFE'

By Robert Glenton

ON July 15, Prince Philip, immaculate in a white uniform, made a speech in Malta.

He was saying farewell to the crew of his first—and perhaps his last—ship at the end of the best year of his life, a happy year of living the way his heart desired.

When Philip joined the frigate Magpie as captain he made another speech.

To the suspicious crew who had heard all manner of things about a gay young Duke, he said:

"You have heard stories about me. Most of them are untrue, but I am afraid you might get into fights here and there because I am your commanding officer. If you come before me as a defaulter with a couple of black eyes, I will understand. I am on your side."

To do some 'poodle-faking'.

Since that time, the man the ratings call "The Duke," or "Dukey," has won the affection of his crew in a way few captains have ever done.

Says the Navy now, "Poor old Dukey, he's got to go home to do some more poodle-faking."

Naval life has not been easy for him. There have been many disadvantages.

Philip swore to join the British Navy after the First World War days when it saved his father's life.

Because he was a foreign prince, the navy quickly saw to it that he was treated no better than any son of an English suburban household—in case he got swelled-headed.

He would have to concentrate.

Philip's early naval days leaned on the side of injustice towards him, for he was the nephew of a famous uncle, the Dashing Cavalier, the man the British Navy fondly calls "Blithy Mount Louis," Lord Louis Mountbatten.

Philip knew, too, that he would have to concentrate. For many people told him that "If you try you can be outstanding, and if you don't try your work will be awful."

So he tried. He became the term's best naval cadet, passed his sub-lieutenant's examinations with nearly the maximum seniority, and became the first Lieutenant of the Mediterranean station destroyer Chequers.

Hosepipe was turned on him.

It was from his career in that job—and from stories they had heard in Malta's waterfront pubs—that the Magpie's crew had formed their first opinion of their new captain.

As Philip said, few of the stories were true. There was one when he tried to board a competitor's destroyer



The Sailor Duke

early in the morning with the idea of stealing her cat.

The petty officer on watch saw him, and the husband of the heir presumptive to the British throne had a powerful hosepipe turned on him.

Philip, in his white uniform moulded to his body, and his blonde hair plastered over his face, shook his fist.

Philip seized a chunk of wood and aimed at Hank, who had captured the revolver.

He missed Hank and hit the Magpie's first lieutenant Gerald Pearce. For

some time Pearce wore a plaster on his forehead.

Philip saluted a chunk of wood and aimed at Hank, who had captured the revolver.

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WOMANSENSE



THREE GIRLS FROM MADRID



These Spanish girls, who recently visited London, are (left to right): Carmen Trucha, Acuson Salls and Mercedes Garcia.

3 RULES TO MAKE Fish A Gourmet Fare

By ALICE DENHOFF

HERE we are on another fishing expedition. This time we know we don't have to do a "pitch" for fish, pointing out how successful a good fish restaurant is, in contrast to the loud grunts with which fish is received at many a table. Fish is doing a pretty good job of holding the price line, when compared to other important foods, and home-makers are learning every day how to use seasonings in order to pep up its bland flavour (which is the secret of good fish restaurant cookery).

1. USING HERBS: The good cook knows that fish is the perfect vehicle for the use of herbs and spices.

2. SHORT COOKING TIME: Fish requires but a short cooking period to be properly done and tender. The fresher the fish, the better it lends itself to subtle seasoning. Fish can be served with the flavour cooked into it, or cooked without seasoning and served with a spicy sauce, or with the flavour self-contained and also a sauce.

3. SPECIAL SAUCES: Sauces for fish are really easy to make. Here is a good one. Melt 2 tbsps. butter in 2 tbsps. flour, and gradually add one c. milk. Mix and add $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. thyme, $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. dry mustard, $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. basil, $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. salt, and a dash of paprika for colour. Prepare your fish the recommended way for that particular variety—bake, broil, fry—and serve the sauce over the fish or on the side.

For a sauce delicious with grilled or baked fish, simmer one c. tinned or fresh tomatoes, $\frac{1}{2}$ c. water, 1 p. garlic salt, a slice of lemon and a dash of cayenne. Simmer until tomatoes are soft (5-10 min.). Rub through strainer, then add 2 tbsps. butter and $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. thyme.

Quick Dinner

With tinned fish so plentiful, it's a good idea to make the most of it. When dinner has to get to the table in jiffy time, and still has to be tasty, here's a successful quickie. Simply turn a tin of macaroni and cheese into a well-greased casserole. Then add a tin of tuna broken up into small pieces, and a tin of mushrooms, if you have it. Mix lightly. Then top with bread crumbs.

Household Hint

To remove candle wax from a table, crumble off as much as can be removed, first holding an ice cube on it. Then scrape gently with the dull edge of a table knife. Be sure to wipe up any melted ice to prevent the finish from becoming water-spotted.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Whoa Sighs for the Old Days

—A Fire-Engine Was More Fun Than a Milk Wagon—

By MAX TRELL

WHOA, the Milk Wagon Horse, stopped in front of the house while his master, the milkman, hurried off with tray of milk and cream for several of the houses along the street. Knarf, the shadow-boy with the turned-up nose, seeing Whoa the Milk Wagon Horse from the window, came downstairs to have a small chat.

Knarf had hardly reached Whoa—had hardly time to bid the milk-wagon-horse good-morning when there came the sound of loud, screeching whistles. Two fire engines went roaring past the corner of the street.

Old Days

As soon as the noise quieted down again Whoa said: "I don't suppose you remember the fire-engines in the old days, do you, Knarf?"



"Well, old days aren't really old, now that you mention it. But they are the days that are gone long ago. The days I'm thinking of are the days when fathers were boys, and grandfathers were just fathers. Fire-engines were different in those old days."

Knarf wanted to know how they were different.

"They weren't automobiles," replied Whoa the Milk Wagon Horse. "They were pulled by horses."

"Oh!" said Knarf.

"Don't get the idea, though," continued Whoa, "that they didn't go tearing through the streets to a fire. The fact of the matter is, they seemed to go even faster than they do now, though that probably isn't correct. Well, they made more noise. It looked a great deal more exciting, what with the fire-horses galloping with their heads stretched out, and the firemen tugging at the reins and yelling for them to go even faster, and the fire-bells clang-ing for people to get out of the way. But all that's changed now," sighed Whoa.

"Why?" asked Knarf, who began to feel sorry, he has missed something by not being around in the old days.

"Horses aren't as important as they used to be, Knarf."

"Machine," said Whoa. "Everything now-a-days goes by machinery. They don't need horses. Except," added Whoa, "even the machines haven't for-

Rupert and Simon—19



Simon picks himself up, and Rupert looks on anxiously, but the boy has been more surprised than hurt, and none the worse for the tumble. He takes the boy's hand, and starts to drag it over the rough ground. The little bear helps until it becomes too heavy for him. "Eh, I never thought of that!" he cries.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

They also pulled street cars."

"Street cars! They did!" Knarf cried.

Knarf didn't know what this last part meant.

"Horse-cars, they used to be called. The motorom (as he is called now) used to stand in the front of the car, inside, and drive the horses. The car used to run on tracks. And people sat inside, and read their newspapers, just as they do now. And little boys and little girls used to stand next to the horse-car driver and try to help him drive, just as they try to do now. Street cars certainly looked funny at first, without any horses to pull them—just as wagons and carriages did when they first became automobiles."

"Oh, well; different times, different manners... I hope they don't decide to get rid of me!"

And, just then, the milkman came back, got into the milk-wagon, slipped the reins, and off plodded the milk-wagon horse, clump, clump, clump down the street and away.

Glancing Around

"Of course," Whoa went on after glancing around to make sure that the milkman hadn't got lost or something. ("No, there he is—just going to that house at the end of the street!") "In the old days, horses didn't just pull fire-engines and wagons and carriages, and such."

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Special Skin Care For The Blonde

Lovely blonde movie star Marilyn Maxwell knows that a girl with pale colouring must give her complexion extra care. Her skin needs protection, too, from the strong sunlight.

By HELEN FOLLETT

AS blondes must give their golden tresses the most fascinating attention, so must they give their complexion extra care. Their skin is more easily damaged than that of the sturdier Brunette type; also more difficult to treat as it rebels against strong measures. Blondes are more subject to sunburn than the complexions of other types. They have a way of collecting freckles, so must be conditioned with cream when subjected to strong sunlight. In cold weather their skin chap easily. They need a lot of pelting and, if they don't get it, the texture is likely to become coarse.

Treatment

Worst of all, a thin, delicate skin is more inclined to take on early wrinkles than a skin that has more substance. Another reason for those nightly sessions with a cream, together with light tapping with the finger-tips! No heavy pressure, mind you. Doing wide circles on the cheeks, sending the flesh up in folds around the eyes.

It would seem as if blondes have a hard life when you take into consideration the need of more-than-special beauty duties. There is something else, too. As the birthdays accumulate, the sunny hair glints may do a disappearing act, the growth may become drab. When that starts, one can find help at the beauty shop where special rinses are to be had.

Colour Harmony

There are many types of the light-headed sisters—but which the colour of corn-silk—the true golden crest, the copper-coloured one, and all the between-and-between tones. Every one of them is terribly dependent upon the right kind of delicate make-up to be used and the colour of clothes to be worn. Their aim should be to get as much help from their clothes as possible, but not to let them assert themselves too much.

Black of course is flattering; it brings out the evenness of the skin, performs favourably in contrast to the golden crown.

COLOUR HARMONY

The right lines of play all had one feature in common: South had to draw only two rounds of trumps and then could lead a diamond and West could take his king of spades and lead his last club to set the contract.

There were actually five or six perfectly sound ways to play the hand, but drawing a third round of trump was not part of any of them. The contract had given up one spade trick as though West held the ace rather than the king. Or South could have led the queen of spades from dummy to win his trick and a spade with dummy's third trump.

The right lines of play all had

drawn only two rounds of trumps and then could lead a diamond and West could take his king of spades and lead his last club to set the contract.

A diamond and a spade with dummy's third trump.

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drawn only two rounds of trumps and then could lead a diamond and West could take his king of spades and lead his last club to set the contract.

A diamond and a spade with dummy's third trump.

The right lines of play all had

drawn only two rounds of trumps and then could lead a diamond and West could take his king of spades and lead his last club to set the contract.

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A diamond and a spade with dummy's third trump.

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Inter-Family Final

Kitchells Will Play Omars For The Open Rinks Championship

Two lawn bowling family teams, the Omars and the Kitchells, will contest the 1951 Colony Open Rinks final. In two closely contested semi-finals yesterday at the Kowloon Bowling Green Club the Kitchells scored a deserving 19-12 win over Recrelo's J. Gutierrez, L. S. da Silva, J. A. Rocha, and H. A. Ozorio and the Omars narrowly edged out their Indian Recreation Club club-mates, M. I. Razack, A. R. Minu, J. Hoosen and A. K. Minu by 16-13.

Contrary to expectations, the Omars were given the harder fight in yesterday's two semi-finals, and narrowly availed themselves of a spectacular late recovery on the last five heads.

The losers, after opening with a two and a single, led all the way and at the end of the 16th head were enjoying a comfortable lead of 12-7.

THE TURNING POINT

The turning point came on the 17th head when the Omars scored a three, and followed this up with a two, a single and a three to lead by 16-12 and practically clinch the issue by the end of the 20th head.

Although the standard of bowls served was fairly high, both the rinks in this match failed to come up to expectation as a combination.

U. M. Omar gave another brilliantly consistent performance with the lie repeatedly against him, fought almost a lone battle for the first 10 heads, coming through with some beautiful saving shots to cut down the opposing scoring to eight singles and two twos.

Tony Trabert On His Way To The Top

New York, July 29. Tony Trabert, 20-year-old tennis tornado, demolished another obstacle in his path to the heights today when he conquered Herbie Flam to capture the Meadow Club singles title.

Trabert, only 12th in the U.S. racket roster, downed the No. 2 second ranking star, 6-2, 10-8, 6-8, 6-3. The win emphasised the fact that Trabert is the most improved American player this year.

In this tournament alone, he also whipped Art Larson, national title-holder, and Gardner Mulloy, fourth-ranking veteran.

Before he won the National Clay Court, Inter-Collegiate, State and Southern Championships, plus singles and doubles matches in the Davis Cup competition against the Japanese.

Despite high winds and the turf made slightly soggy by recent rains, Trabert gave an impressive exhibition. He had too much power for Flam, who fought gamely but in vain—United Press.

AMPON BEATS DROBNY

Cologne, July 29. Felicissimo Ampon of the Philippines won the Man's Singles title of the International Cologne Tennis Tournament today.

The wiry Filipino beat Jaroslav Drobný, playing for Egypt, 2-6, 6-1, 6-0, 6-1 in the final round.

Ampón was in brilliant form. Drobný played an erratic game. On Saturday night he heard from Czechoslovakia that his father had been killed in an accident—United Press.

The Men's Doubles crown went to Drobný teamed with his compatriot, Vladimir Černík. The pair beat Germany's Engelbert Koch teamed with the former Polish player, V. Skonecki, 6-4, 6-2, 6-8, 6-2.

The Mixed Doubles championship was won by Miss Anderson (U.S.) teamed with Drobný. They defeated Senora María Weiss (Argentina) and Vieira of Brazil, 6-2, 2-6, 6-0.

SWEDES SWEET UP

Gästrikland, July 29. Sven Davidson (Sweden) beat Helmut Gütsch (Germany), 6-0, 6-2, 6-1, giving Sweden a 5-0 win in the European zone finals of the Davis Cup tournament here today—Associated Press.

The only support given him during this period was by his son, I. M. Omar, playing as lead. K. M. Omar turned in a slightly better than average performance, but was overshadowed by A. R. Minu, who was undoubtedly the pick of the losers.

With I. M. Omar having the greater part of the first 16 heads, Minu rose to the occasion with repeated closely drawn shots, to enable his skip to concentrate on blocking shots. Minu's cracking up towards the end spelled the end for his side.

Jeff Hoosen came through with some good trailing-the-luck shots during the middle of the game, but was repeatedly through or just a shade wide on the critical last five heads.

Although the standard of bowls served was fairly high, both the rinks in this match failed to come up to expectation as a combination.

U. M. Omar gave another brilliantly consistent performance with the lie repeatedly against him, fought almost a lone battle for the first 10 heads, coming through with some beautiful saving shots to cut down the opposing scoring to eight singles and two twos.

LEVEL ON THE 18TH

On the 18th head A. M. Omar followed through a close front first shot laid by M. I. Razack for a count of two, which stayed to enable the Omars to draw to 12-12.

K. M. Omar was responsible for a good first shot on the 19th head. U. M. drew another one, but A. K. Minu in an attempt to trail the jack back with a heavy draw took away one of the shots, leaving the Omars with a count of one and a lead of 13-12.

The 20th head saw the Omars practically clinch the issue. I. M. Omar drew two shots, each about one foot in front and behind the jack. A. M. Omar added a third in the line of the backhand draw and U. M. Omar successfully blocked to forge ahead to 14-12.

With the Omars marching wood for wool on the final head, the losers could only chalk up one shot, to bow out by 13-16, but not after a gallant bid for what would have been a major upset.

TEAMED UP WELL

In contrast to these two rinks, the three Kitchell brothers, A. B., I. A., and A. R. played beautifully as a team. The losers played well, but it was a case of the winners playing better.

The excellent teamwork of the Kitchells gave them a decided advantage. Drawing well to a man, there was always one of them to come in with a first or second shot on practically every head. Particularly brilliant were their No. 1, A. B. Kitchell, who had one toucher on nearly every head in the latter half of the game, and I. Kitchell, who was always there to add in further shots.

A consistent skip in A. R. Kitchell completed a well-balanced rink, who deservedly entered the final; and who, on their performance in the last few matches should give the more favoured Omars a close fight in the final. The Kitchells led all the way until 8-5 at the end of the 10th head.

A three by Ozorio's rink on the next head enabled them to draw level to 8-8, but the Kitchells drew ahead again to 13-10 on the 15th head.

On the 16th head, good drawing by his front men gave skip A. R. Kitchell a lie of three, to which one more was added for a count of four.

With a lead of 17-10, and only four heads to go, and the game well in their bag, the Kitchells conceded only two singles on the remaining heads to win comfortably by 19-12.

OPEN TRIPLES UPSET

The remaining triples quarter-final match played at the Kowloon Cricket Club, Tung Lo Wan Road—Contributed.

OPEN RINKS SEMI-FINALISTS



The 1951 Colony Lawn Bowls Open Rinks Championship reached its final stages yesterday with the play-off of the two semi-finals. Winners were the two family rinks of the Omars and the Kitchells.

The semi-finalists, from left to right, were:

Above: A. R. Minu, A. M. Omar, L. M. Omar, K. M. Omar, M. I. Razack, J. Hoosen, A. K. Minu and U. M. Omar.

Below: A. Kitchell, I. Kitchell, A. B. Kitchell, A. R. Kitchell, H. A. Ozorio, J. A. Rocha, L. S. da Silva, and J. Gutierrez.—China Mail Photos.

Ramsey Bucks Challenged By Army Boxers

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The remaining triples quarter-final match played at the Kowloon Cricket Club, Tung Lo Wan Road—Contributed.

AAA Marathon

Birmingham, July 28. Jim Peters, Britain's 32-year-old Olympic marathon hero, won his first Amateur Association Marathon title today in 2 hrs. 31 mins. 42 secs.

Another attraction at the tournament will be Capt. J. D. Varley, a BOAC pilot, who will be in Hong Kong to act as referee. Capt. Varley will long be remembered as the efficient referee of recent Hong Kong Golden Gloves tournaments.

The Thompson-Biggs fight will be a real slugfest. From training glimpses it would appear that "Red" Biggs is all out to redeem four defeats at the hands of "Rocky" Thompson.

The winner will meet the stylish Philippines fighter, "Baby" Gonsalves in a later tournament.

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The winner will meet the

excellent boxer, "Baby" Gonsalves in a later tournament.

INCENTIVE

As an incentive to local fighters, the promoters are purchasing valuable statuettes for both winners and losers and they are going ahead with plans to arrange a series of elimination bouts at different weights for Hong Kong championships. There is a wealth of boxing talent available and the final bouts will be staged in aid of a well-known local charity.

Among those who will be available to try for the various Hong Kong championships will be the classy Afouline Chung, Alfred Mills, Ramsey Bucks, Henry Fong, Trooper Hallwood, "Rocky" Thompson, "Red" Biggs, "Lanky" Santons, A. B. Reaves, Inspector Reynolds, and the famed Service champion, Sgt. Redman.

The Aces Sports Club tournament is open to all members of the Club and Associate Members. Applications for membership may be made to Mr. G. O. England at the Aces Sports Club, Tung Lo Wan Road—Contributed.

England & Wales Win Athletics

Dunoon, July 28. A combined England and Wales side won the triangular international athletic tournament with Scotland and Ireland today.

England and Wales scored 102 points. Scotland was second with 66 and a half points and Ireland third with 40½ points.

ROUTER

Marshall lost all the three AAU distance titles he won in 1950. Konno won two and Moore took the other.

WOMEN'S EVENTS

Mary Freeman, of Washington, established her supremacy as the U.S. leading back-stroker by winning the 100 Metres race in 1:18.8. She won the 200 Metres Back Stroke earlier and also took second in the 300 Metres Individual Medley.

Hawall's Dick Cleveland retained his 100 Metres Free Style title as he was timed at 55 seconds flat. In the trials earlier, Cleveland broke the Championship record as he qualified with a time of 57.5.

Carol Pence of Lafayette (Indiana) Swim Club won the 200 and 400 Metres Free Style Championships.

Marshall lost all the three AAU distance titles he won in 1950. Konno won two and Moore took the other.

DETROIT, JULY 28.

Ford Konno proved himself one of the world's foremost distance swimmers tonight by winning the Men's 800 Metres Free Style crown.

The 18-year-old Hawaiian, who earlier won the 1,500 Metres Free Style crown, gained an easy victory over Wayne Moore, of the New Haven (Conn) Swim Club, and Australia's John Marshall. His time of 9:39.9 fell short of the 9:30.0 which he recorded earlier this year—a mark which is expected to be accepted as a world record.

Moore, who is the 200 and 400 Metres Free Style champion, staged a belated rally to edge out Marshall for the runner-up spot. Moore's time was 9:53.5 compared to Marshall's 9:55.4.

DETROIT, JULY 29.

Ford Konno, who earlier defended the One Metre Board and Platform Diving titles, piled up 169.12 points from a three-metre board, while Miss Gunnarson amassed 147.62.

Defending Champion Miss Judy Cornell of Portland, Oregon, broke the American record of 121.6 set by Holland's Nelly van Vliet in 1947 in the Women's 100 Metres Breast Stroke. Miss Cornell was clocked at 1:21 flat. Miss Carol Pence of Lafayette Swim Club equalled the old mark in finishing second.

Miss Carolyn Green, 17-year-old Fort Lauderdale, Florida, distance star, claimed the women's 800 Metres Free Style Championship for the second straight year in 11:15.5 to establish a new national AAU record.

The old mark, 11:16, held by Miss Nancy Merkl, was set in 1941.

In the invitational relay, not part of the official meet, Dick Cleveland of Hawaii battered the Championship 100 Metres Free Style mark of 57.3 which he set with a time of 57.5.

Carol Pence of Lafayette (Indiana) Swim Club won the 200 Metres Breast Stroke. Miss Cornell was clocked at 2:48 flat. In the 400 Metres Free Style, Dick Cleveland of Hawaii bettered the Championship 100 Metres Free Style mark of 57.3 which he set with a time of 57.5.

The old mark, 11:16, held by Miss Nancy Merkl, was set in 1941.

DETROIT, JULY 30.

Marshall lost all the three AAU distance titles he won in 1950. Konno won two and Moore took the other.

DETROIT, JULY 31.

Hans Fruehwirth (Austria) won the world's canoe slalom championship at Steyr today with a points total of 104.2.

The event was decided in two heats with the best performance in either ranking for the championship. He won the first heat and more than four times for both him in heat two.

Watkins knocked King down in the fifth round and the latter got up quickly without a count and his rough tactics paid off in the end. "He wore Watkins down and the referee had to warn him four times for holding and more than the points beat him in heat two," Reuter.

DETROIT, AUGUST 1.

Canoe Slalom Championship Vienna, July 29.

Hans Fruehwirth (Austria) won the world's canoe slalom championship at Steyr today with a points total of 104.2.

The event was decided in two heats with the best performance in either ranking for the championship. He won the first heat and more than four times for both him in heat two.



BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(Butterfield & Swire (Hongkong) Ltd.)

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

"HUEH"	Tientsin	10 a.m.	31st July
"SOOCHOW"	Kiulung, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	Noon	1st Aug.
"SHENGKING"	Kiulung	5 p.m.	1st Aug.
"PAKHAI"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	3 p.m.	3rd Aug.
"SINKIANG"	Bangkok	5 p.m.	3rd Aug.
"ANSHUN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m.	3rd Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	10 a.m.	8th Aug.
"SHENGKING"	Kiulung	5 p.m.	8th Aug.
"YUCHOW"	Bangkok	5 p.m.	10th Aug.
"KWEIYANG"	Djakarta	5 p.m.	13th Aug.
* Sails from Custodian Wharf			

ARRIVALS FROM

"PAKHAI"	Sibu	31st July
"SINKIANG"	Singapore	1st Aug.
"ANSHUN"	Singapore	2nd Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	4/5th Aug.
"SHENGKING"	Kiulung	7 a.m. 6th Aug.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"CHANGTE"	Japan	13th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	18th Aug.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	19th Aug.

ARRIVALS FROM

"CHANGTE"	Australia & Manila	9th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	14th Aug.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	16th Aug.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"PATROCLUS"	Marselles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Aug.
"AENEAS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	8th Aug.
"AUTOMEDON"	Havre, London & Holland	23rd Aug.
"AGAPENOR"	Dublin & Liverpool	25th Aug.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails		Sails	Arrives
Liverpool	Rotterdam	Hong Kong	1st Aug.
do	—	5th Aug.	14th Aug.
do	—	5th Aug.	16th Aug.
do	—	29th Aug.	4th Sept.
do	—	29th Aug.	8th Sept.
do	—	15th Sept.	25th Sept.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA ALICIA"	2nd Aug.
"DONA AURORA"	25th Aug.

Lathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route		Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K.
HK/Bangkok/Rangoon (DC-4)	(DC-4)	(on return)	8.30 a.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	(DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Tues. Fri.	8.30 a.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	(DC-4)	1.00 p.m. Wed.	6.15 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Malaya/Borneo (DC-3)	(DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Wed.	4.45 p.m. Thurs.
HK/Haiphong (DC-3)	(DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Fri.	4.00 p.m. Fri.

All the above subject to alteration without notice.
For passage and freight particulars please apply toI. CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 303318
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West, 25875, 32144, 24078.

ARRIVALS

SHIPS		DUE
"BENVORLICH"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENMHOR"	do	on or abt.
"BENALDER"	do	12th Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	do	19th Aug.
"BENVANNOCHE"	do	24th Aug.
"BENAVON"	do	18th Sept.
SAILINGS		Loading on or abt.
"BENVORLICH"	London, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp, Hayre, Rotterdam & Antwerp.	31st July
"BENMHOR"	Yokohama	18th Aug.
"BENALDER"	Avonmouth, London & Middlesbrough.	21st Aug.
"BENNEVIS"	Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg & Antwerp.	29th Aug.
"BENVANNOCHE"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Avonmouth & Hull.	8th Sept.
Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan, Aden, & Port Said.		23rd Sept.
* Call Manila, Cebu & Sandakan.		
* Call Manila, Tawau, Sandakan, and Jesselton.		

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business communications and

advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 24611 (5 lines).

KOWLOON OFFICE:

Salisbury Road,

Telephone: 2422.

10 a.m. 31st July

Noon 1st Aug.

5 p.m. 1st Aug.

6 p.m. 3rd Aug.

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5 a.m. 8th Aug.

6 a.m. 8th Aug.

7 a.m. 8th Aug.

8 a.m.



ARRIVALS

"LA MARSEILLAISE" from Marseilles 8th Aug.
"OUISTREHAM" from Japan 14th Aug.

SAILINGS

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE
"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Japan 9th Aug.
"LA MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles 22nd Aug.

FREIGHT SERVICE

"OUISTREHAM" N. Africa & Europe 15th Aug.
"MEKONG" N. Africa & Europe 30th Aug.
"MEINAM" N. Africa & Europe 26th Sept.

for
PORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, ORAN,
TANGIER, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, DUNKIRK,
ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.

"ALEXANDRE DE RHODES", to Suez 7th Aug.

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STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

R. M. S. "CANTON"

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS: THURSDAY the 2nd August at 5.00 P.M. for the UNITED KINGDOM via Straits, Colombo, Aden and Port Said.

BAGGAGE: ALL passengers baggage must be sent to the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf Co.'s Godown at No. 2 GATE, CANTON ROAD ENTRANCE BY NOON on Wednesday the 1st August.

SPECIAL NOTE: With the exception of hand packages carried by passengers themselves, ALL BAGGAGE must pass through the Wharf Co.'s Godown for loading on board by ship's slings only.

EMBARKATION: Will take place on THURSDAY the 2nd August between 2.30 P.M. and 4.00 P.M.

US Planning To Improve Pakistan Farming Methods

Washington, July 29.

Modernised farms and improved roads will be the main aims of United States economic aid for Pakistan, proposed for the coming fiscal year, a review of aid plans disclosed today.

This aid is part of an \$80,000,000 economic development programme for Pakistan, India, Ceylon, Afghanistan and Nepal, contained in the \$8,500,000 security legislation now before Congress.

In the case of Pakistan, India and Ceylon, aid is planned as a supplement to the development projects set up under the Commonwealth Colombo Plan.

The money will be used to pay part of foreign exchange costs of projects planned by the Pakistani Government and will be administered by the Economic Co-operation Administration through a small mission in Pakistan. Most of the local currency costs will be borne by the Pakistani Government.

In explaining aid to Pakistan to the House Foreign Affairs Committee last week, Mr George McGhee, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs, said: "Outside economic aid is needed to increase agricultural production and diversify the economy of the nation so as to raise the standard of living and create stable internal economic conditions."

"There is every reason to believe that, once the initial impetus is given, internal capital will be encouraged to participate in making further progress."

MODERNISED FARMS

In the realm of modernised farms for Pakistan, U.S. aid would be used to introduce American agricultural extension methods, improved implements and wider use of fertiliser.

Experts here believe greater farm production will be achieved through use of mechanised equipment, principally tractors, which would achieve optimum utilisation of larger tracts of land.

Reclamation plans are regarded as doubly important here, for they will not only put more land into greater produc-

DAY TO BE REMEMBERED
£200,000,000 Wiped Off Share ValuesViolent Critics Of Policy
Of Dividend Limitation

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

Extra Cotton For Japan

Washington, July 29. The Government has earmarked another 325,000 bales of cotton for the Far East, principally India and Japan. The new allocations were, in addition, to the preliminary allocations announced on July 11.

Under the announced increases, Japan will get 194,000 bales in addition to the 687,000 originally allocated. India will get 110,000 bales. The new allotments for the other Eastern countries are Formosa 8,000, Indo-China 5,000, Indonesia 4,000, Philippines 3,000, Korea 8,000 and Australia 3,000. —United Press.

US Aid Plans For Asia

Washington, July 29. Plans for United States economic aid to South Asia in the coming fiscal year include technical and financial assistance for the development of resources in Ceylon, Afghanistan and Nepal.

This will be the first time that these three small South Asian countries will be direct recipients of the United States Government aid programme. The aid is part of an \$80,000,000 plan for the area included in the \$8,500,000 mutual security legislation now before the Congress.

India and Pakistan are expected to receive the greatest part of the funds.

Projects for the three smaller countries, however, will be important to their economic development.

In Ceylon, for example, the aid is designed to supply expert advice to reverse the trends that have been apparent in the share markets since the beginning of the rearmament industrial boom and more particularly since the Budget rather surprisingly failed to make any proposal regarding limitation of dividends but sought instead to achieve this purpose by increasing the tax on distributed profits.

All shares which had risen on justifiable fears of inflation suffered losses on Friday, while fixed interest securities, which are always unpopular in times of inflation, benefitted in some small measure.

The fall in the industrial shares index took place side by side with a modest rise in the Government securities index, thus reversing the movement during the recent share boom when industrials went ahead and gilt-edged stocks slumped.

Gold shares, another recently neglected section, also made gains.

Textile shares, which were already weak on fears of increasing Japanese competition, fell even further, and commodity shares, hitherto a favourite inflation "hedge," came on offer.

World Output Of Tin

The Hague, July 29. The latest available tin statistics issued by the International Tin Study Group in The Hague show a world mine production of 15,600 long tons in May as compared with 14,500 tons in April.

There was an increase in output in all important producing countries—in Malaya to 4,830 tons, in Bolivia to 3,862 tons, in Indonesia to 2,713 tons and in the Belgian Congo to 1,442 tons.

Figures for May are available from Malaya (4,656 tons), Indonesia (1,480 tons), and the Belgian Congo (1,328 tons).

World production of tin metal in May was 14,400 tons against 14,600 tons in April. Malayan and Netherlands production was lower, 5,173 tons and 2,001 tons, respectively. US production was estimated at 3,000 tons and UK production at 2,000 tons.

Consumption of tin metal in the UK increased slightly to 2,263 tons in May.

World production of tinplate increased to 495,000 tons in May against 459,000 tons in April. The US produced 353,181 tons in May and the UK 90,000 tons. Associated Press.

It has been estimated that something like £200,000,000 was wiped off the market values of industrial ordinary shares on Friday following the Chancellor of the Exchequer's announcement that the Government proposes to introduce legislation to limit dividends during the next three crucial years.

It was not only the severity of the blow but the arbitrary method by which maximum dividend distributions are in future to be calculated that gave the Stock Exchange a day it will long remember.

According to the White Paper outlining the terms of the proposed new legislation, dividends for the next three years are to be limited to the average of those distributed for the last two accounting periods for which a final dividend had been declared before last Thursday.

Obviously, therefore, the companies which will be the worst hit are those which increased their dividend most steeply when the voluntary restraint policy was abandoned.

Those companies which continued to show restraint in dividend distributions will have to make a proportionally smaller cut-back.

Shares which suffered the severest slump in price were those in rubber companies whose last dividend—in most cases a substantial one—was much greater than the previous distribution.

But since the last distributions were intended to take into account the fact that little or no dividend had been paid out by many rubber companies since the end of the war, shareholders in this section feel a particular grievance.

It remains to be seen whether the Government intends to make allowances for special circumstances like these when it introduces its Bill giving effect to the proposal in the Autumn.

But rubber shares were by no means the only ones to suffer reverses. The Financial Times' ordinary shares index fell 4.6 points in one day—one of the biggest drops on record—and if this decline is applied to all shares in the various sections of the market which compose the index, it represents a fall in values of about £200,000,000.

TRENDS REVERSED

Effect of Mr Gaitskill's bombshell was to reverse the trends that have been apparent in the share markets since the beginning of the rearmament industrial boom and more particularly since the Budget rather surprisingly failed to make any proposal regarding limitation of dividends but sought instead to achieve this purpose by increasing the tax on distributed profits.

Under present plans, agricultural experts will go there to help local officials in raising the present low yields and mineral experts will aid in determining the extent of Nepal's mineral resources and in the production of educational and training films.

The Government of Nepal has shown great interest in increasing its agricultural production and in tapping its undeveloped mineral resources.

Under present plans, agricultural experts will go there to help local officials in raising the present low yields and mineral experts will aid in determining the extent of Nepal's mineral resources and in the feasibility of their development.

In the case of Afghanistan, the proposed aid is aimed at helping the Government with its efforts to develop its mineral resources. It will be concentrated on assuring the distribution of coal for heating and manufacturing purposes in the Kabul area where shortages of coal and girt-edged stocks slumped.

Gold shares, another recently neglected section, also made gains.

Textile shares, which were already weak on fears of increasing Japanese competition, fell even further, and commodity shares, hitherto a favourite inflation "hedge," came on offer.

US Textile Marks Time

New York, July 29. The cotton textile market continued to mark time last week with buyers still in a mood for bargains in gray goods. Selling in print cloths was sporadic with prices fluctuating over a narrow range and moving most lower.

A feature was a moderate demand for sheetings from the bag end—ones mill came down a few cents a yard from last quoted prices to stimulate demand for fourth-quarter goods.

Action in other items such as broadcloths, drills and twills was practically dormant.

Deflationary influences continued to work in the market with a manufacturer of bed sheets lowering prices for August-delivery delivery four to 10 percent.

The markets therefore were extremely vulnerable to any attack on dividends. Friday's slump was sensational since it happened in the course of a few hours, but it let prices still considerably higher than their pre-Budget levels.

It is true that more selling may occur next week than took place on Friday, and prices may fall further, but the immediate reaction in prices was not so violent as the tone of criticism of the Chancellor's action might have led one to believe.

Nevertheless Friday's reaction shows that some of the criticism is amply justified. The rise in the premium on Canadian securities and in the price of securities in those copper-producing companies which have emigrated

London, July 29.

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning was valued at \$404,950. Noon prices and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES BANKS

HK Bank 320 1450
East Asia 100

INSURANCES

Union 745 700 300 + 150
UK Fire 125

DOCKS, ETC.

K. Wharf 82½
N. Pt. Wharf 450

Police 240 1000 + 15
Shai Dock 240 1000 + 15
Whelock 22½

LAND, ETC.

IHC Hotel 450 5 1000 + 450
2000 + 450

SJK Land 38 1000 + 450
Shai Land 110 11½
Humphreys 615 9

UTILITIES

Trans 1320 1516 2000 + 15.50

Star Ferry 75 93 500 + 7.10

C. Light (O) 1000 + 1000 + 7.65

C. Light (B) 450 450 500 + 42.50

Electric 200 27½ 500 + 25
Telephone 1125 12 500 + 11.50

INDUSTRIALS

Cement 11 11½

STOKE, ETC.

Dairy 314 34.40 1400 + 14.50

Watson 10 10½ 600 + 19

L. Crawford 22½

COTTON

Ewe 210

LONDON, JULY 29.

The Bank of England statement for the week ending July 25 reads as follows:

Note in circulation £1,320,370,000

Public deposits 17,022,000

Private deposits 302,222,000

Government securities 367,023,000

Other securities 31,480,000

Receipts 20,007,000

Bank ratio 1.50

—United Press.

Paris, July 29.

The Bank of France statement for the week ending July 18 reads as follows:

Total gold holdings 101,445,070,028

Total of other currencies 3,158,450,400

Flight balance abroad 154,275,223,084

Advance to currency stabilization fund 149,000,000,000

Bank discount rate 1.50

France and abroad 422,028,005,000

Current accounts and deposits 1,820,180,352,200

160,583,600,494

—United Press.

London, July 29.

The cotton textile market continued to mark time last week with buyers still in a mood for bargains in gray goods. Selling in print cloths was sporadic with prices fluctuating over a narrow range and moving most lower.

A feature was a moderate demand for sheetings from the bag end—one mill came down a few cents a yard from last quoted prices to stimulate demand for fourth-quarter goods.

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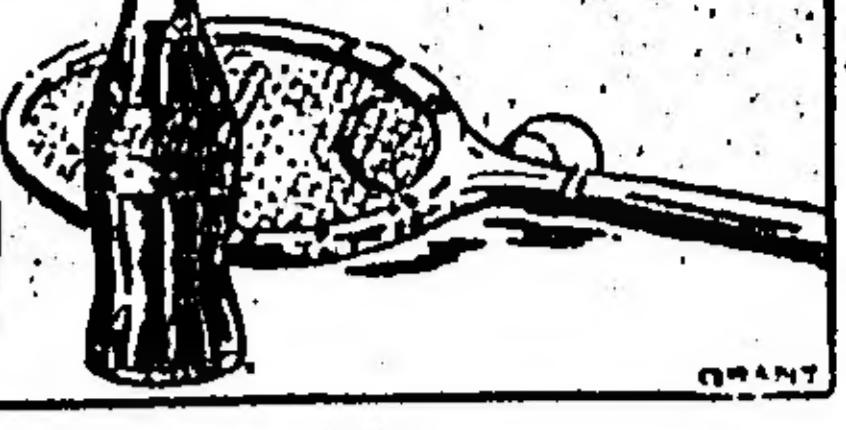
CHINA MAIL

Established 1845

Page 10

MONDAY, JULY 30, 1951.

Between sets... Refresh!



From THE FILES

100 Years Ago

To continue our narrative of the escape of the prisoner from the Police Station on the morning of the 20th ultimo.—Acting Inspector McKenzie, finding that he could not enter full particulars on his charge sheet, proceeded upstairs again to his sleeping apartment. The Prisoner was desired to sit down on the bench (the bench meeting the eye as we enter the Station from Cochrane Street), and Perry presently suggested that Hart should tie the prisoner's hands behind him, and the prisoner's hands were tied accordingly. Shortly afterwards he was discovered trying to get them off, and Hart then advised with Perry on the propriety of putting him into a cell below.—Says Perry: "It's against the rules and regulations to do that, but I do not see why the Prisoner should not be handcuffed," and the Prisoner was handcuffed forthwith. The darkness was just about to be dispersed by dawning day. Two unworthy members of the Police force, ordered to remain at the station until the Superintendent had adjudicated upon a charge made against them for neglect of duty, were snoring away in sweet repose. Perry was standing inside the door of the charge room—Hart was sitting on the guard bed beside the prisoner, a-thinking when, all at once, rush he went, (the Prisoner we mean) handcuffs and all, right through the wide open door way, three yards distant only! Tap, tap, tap, went his naked feet, and as Hart explains the matter, in perfect simplicity—the Prisoner was out of sight in the murky gloom of Cochrane street, upper, before you could say "Jack Robinson".

Where was your rattle or your whistle good Constable Hart? Or where were the Policemen that should have been somewhere or other within hall? and echo answers—where-where? The Prisoner escaped.—A report reached the station about 8 o'clock that he was seen entering a boat some hour so so after daylight, and that ended the matter.

THE SCENE SHIFTS

Let us shift the scene to the Police Magistrate's Court. His Worship the Assistant Magistrate on the bench, Mr. Justice John Hart, is standing modestly at the bar—the Superintendent of Police sits beside his brother Justice. Perry and Hart detail the circumstances of the escape, and the magistrate, who has now given them (the loss of our pocket book however, lays us open to an action for incorrect report, if memory proves faulty). Mr. Justice Hart asks the complainant that both Perry and Hart were asleep, and knew nothing at all about it until they woke up and found the Prisoner gone. The Assistant Magistrate coincides with Inspector McKenzie and rates them soundly. "You were on the Liverpool Police Force, Constable Hart, I believe—and your punishment for such laxity in performance would be very severe." "Oh!" replied Hart, "there would be no chance of anything like that occurring again in Liverpool—THERE there's no walling for the party robbed to get out of his bed and go to the police station to make his charges. The Complainant takes that on the hoof—the Prisoner is taken off to the station and is put into a lock-up room without any delay—but here there's so many contrary regulations we don't know what to do." "Well, I'd never have let him up, he was afraid he'd be fined—We've got permission to handcuff a man, but we mayn't lock him up until he has entered the station to make the charge, but the Inspector wanted the owner of the property that was stolen to be there also. This isn't the first escape by several this last month or two, in exactly the same way."

FERRY HITS PIER

About 9.45 this morning, the Star Ferry launch Night Star, coming to berth along the West side of the Hongkong pier collided sideways with the pier and damaged the lower part of it, including the third class gangway, which was splintered into several pieces.

The launch had to reverse its engines and berth on the East side of the pier.

Repair work has been started on the broken gangway.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

- December 31, 1950 at Uniontown, Pa. 2. Louis Jacques Mande Daquerre. 3. Dr Mary Edwards Walker, assistant army surgeon in the Civil War. 4. The Tartars (Mongols) under Genghis Khan. 5. In the part opposite to the sun or moon. 6. Table Mountain near Cape Town, South Africa.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

Suppose that last year, each coach had a compartment, and that each compartment contained in each of them:
Then 2 ab + 2 = 80 (a - b)
(b - a) divides itself into 1 (69 - a) (69 + b) = 4759 = 87 X 547, hence this latter is clearly measurable. So this year there were 50 X 11 X 8 excursionists. i.e. 440 in all.

London Express Service

Beginning A One Week's Series About...

Hongkong's Light Industries

THE rapid development of light industries since the war has been a remarkable feature of the Colony's rehabilitation and they now play an important role in Hongkong's economy.

HOW our light industries have expanded, what are their problems, and what is their future prospects, will be dealt with this week in a series of daily articles written by a China Mail staff reporter.

In the accompanying report, the writer presents a general review of Hongkong's light industries. During the week the more important industries will be dealt with in greater detail.

Hongkong's light industries, which cover a wide range of products from food and beverages to paper, pottery, plastics, chemicals, cotton spinning, weaving, the manufacture of cigarettes and cigars, as well as furniture and fixtures, leapt into life after the war.

Their rapid development was due to a variety of factors: Hongkong was a free port; it was comparatively easy to obtain raw materials, the bulk of which then came from the United States; Shanghai factories moved to Hongkong and with them came skilled workers.

But although our new and rehabilitated industries flourished in a manner almost startling, difficult days lay ahead. The war in Korea precipitated the American embargo. And suddenly supplies of raw materials for every large industry were cut off, and factory operators were faced with the problem of finding new sources—and that quickly.

Hongkong's industries have been severely damaged over the last year. That in itself would be more bearable if that were all—if, when the Korean war finally resolves itself, our industries could press on where they left off. But in the interim a serious position has developed. Many of our markets have been usurped by countries little affected by the war, and one of these, Japan, who is subsidised with money, machinery and raw materials by America, is capable of becoming more than a dangerous rival.

Heartening it is to see that our many industrial problems and dangers have been averted, that "our abnormal condition" is receiving sympathy from the free nations of the world. It is particularly reassuring that this sympathy is to be manifested in material form, that there is to be a slight relaxation of some of the stringent measures imposed.

According to Mr U Tai Chee, who recently returned from his tasks of interceding for us in many places, thousands of tons

of black sheet are already on the way from America. This is good news indeed, but more especially is the good will which Mr U seems confident everyone bears towards us. The slightly despondent "wait-and-see" attitude of a month ago has changed to cautious optimism.

Tin plate for the canning industry is a crying need, and the industry is still suffering from a real shortage. The basis of the hardware industry—especially enamelware—is the previously mentioned black sheet, or "tin mill black plate reject" as it is known. But the outlook is brighter with 3,000 tons of this material coming through later on this year. From figures given in Parliament at the beginning of June, we require 2,200 tons of blacksheet a month, and 1,532 tons of tinplate. Local manufacturers have only been recovering a fraction of this. Aluminium, steel plates, brass, rubber, copper, lead, chemicals, dyestuffs, pigments and galvanised iron are among the raw materials urgently required, in lesser or greater quantities. A certain wood for pencils has also been unobtainable, with the result that India, Egypt and Burma now get their pencils from Japan. This is one industry that Japan, through concessions from America, has recently and profitably been able to start.

HARD HIT

Weaving and knitting industries join the ranks of those hard-hit. Steel needles from the States for the knitting process were suspended, so that for a time the industry remained static. Soon however, necessity resulted in two Hongkong factories springing up to manufacture these needles. Hundreds of small-scale weaving sheds, operating in a spare room or garage with one or two looms, found the soaring cotton yarn prices beyond them, and masses of these workers returned to China where they heard the cost of living was cheaper. Raw cotton, some of the best and cheapest being American, now comes at a vastly higher price from Pakistan, India, Turkey, Brazil,

COMPARE WELL

It is interesting to see how, in their building, equipment and amenities for the workers the large factories here compare with those in Britain and other highly industrialised countries. One can confidently claim that some of the torch, plastic, paint, enamelware and especially the cotton spinning mills are as good, and in a few cases better, than, any in the world. Development of these individual industries, their impressive buildings and the way in which they are run will be described later on. Complete with air conditioning, canteens, lecture rooms, accommodation and laundry facilities for the workers—these new enterprises join the world-wide move for better ordered and increasingly efficient industry.

Industrial trade unionism is a fairly recent introduction in Hongkong. It arose out of the guilds in 1947, and since then has produced some good results. A trade union cannot afford to be divided, and this is just where political influences have caused havoc in some factories, so that the "Union" has become merely an excuse for party battles. The Chinese Manufacturers' Union is an organisation which protects its workers from injuries and champions fair play among the factories.

In many cases, Shanghai workers have been the cause of strikes and discontent, and until political differences can be ironed out, Hongkong can hardly hope to have a really well-ordered state of affairs in her industrial trade unions. Private enterprise and Government support, however, answer for the very efficient and happy running of many industries.

The immediate outlook for the Colony's light industries, although somewhat discouraging, does not call for gloom. The first quarter of this year saw 522 new factories registered, providing work for further 30,000 people. The expansion of our light industries is an accomplished fact, for today, they number 1,800 as compared with between 1,100 and 1,200 ten years ago.

Living Language

Why we say Swinging the Lead.

Sailors leave the lead (never swing it) to find the depth of water. It's a skilful job, too. But to the unlimited soldiers travelling in troopships, this business of throwing overboard a weighted cord, taking it out to look at it and throwing it back again, seemed simple.

To them "swinging the lead" was the equivalent of taking things easy while the other fellows did the work, and the phrase became an army term for malingering.

10,000 Turn Up To Register

Chaos At Kwong Wah Hospital

The authorities must have been taken by surprise when about 10,000 people turned up at Kwong Wah Hospital at 9 o'clock this morning asking for registration forms.

On the spot to deal with this huge crowd were one official of the headquarters office, Registration of Persons, two assistant registrars, and two Police constables.

There had previously appeared notices in the Chinese Press calling on all Kowloon residents not already registered to apply for the necessary forms at Kwong Wah Hospital between July 30 and August 3. Hongkong residents were asked to go to Hennessy Road Government School between July 31 and August 3.

The notices stated that this represented a final opportunity to register and it would seem that this morning's rush was due to the effect of this warning.

MILLING CROWD

When Mr R. K. Cheng, of the registration staff, saw that it would be unwise to open the hospital gates to the crowd milling outside, he telephoned the Police and the Emergency Unit was soon on the scene.

By this time the crowd had grown to about 10,000 and, bewildered as to where they should go, were trying to gain entrance to the hospital from several points.

Men of the Emergency Unit did their best to create some semblance of order but it was not until reinforcements arrived from Yau Ma Tei at 11 a.m. that the throng was marshalled into what appeared to be an endless queue encircling the hospital grounds.

By 11.30 a.m. 3,800 forms had been distributed.

An official of the Registration Office considered that another 6,000 or more forms would be handed out before the day's operation closed.

CALLS FOR HELP

Complainant should shout to her aman for help, and accused was then alleged to have struck her several blows on her face with his fist, catching hold of her throat at the same time. Complainant continued to shout and accused ran down the stairs, followed by the woman.

Her cries were heard by Lau Chi-ak, watchman employed by the Hongkong Cotton Mills' Workers' Committee, who saw accused being chased by complainant and, with the aid of Cheung Sing-lam, coolie No.

RADIO HONGKONG

H.K.T. 6. Programme Summary: 6.02

School Quiz: Maryknoll v Diocesan Boys' School; Standardised English; Chemistry and Anthro.

Cummer: 6.30, Portobello Half Hour (Studio); 7. A Short Recital by Richard Crooks (Tenor); 7.15, "The Price of Peace" by Peter Sellars, performed by United Nations Radio; Mr Trygve Lie, the Secretary-General of the United Nations; 7.30, "Come Into The Parlour" (BBCTS); Music and Song from London; William Raymond Marshall and the Ormonde Choir; 8, World News and News Analysis (London Relay); 11.15, Lookout; 11.30, Guide and Narrator, All-round Guide and Narrator, All-round Borthwick (BBCTS); 8.30, "Like What I Like" presented by David Hall (Studio); 8.30, Weather Report; 8.45, "The Edinburgh Festival Relay"; 9.10, Interlude; 9.15, Relay of the Fourth Test Match England v South Africa (from London); 9.30, "Concerto" (Concerto No. 1); 10.15, "Concerto" (Concerto No. 2); 10.30, Orchestra (Barok); George Sandor (Piano) with the Philadelphia Orchestra conducted by Eugene Ormandy; 10.45, Queen Hall Light Orchestra; 11.15, "Africa Journey—The Mountains of the Lion"; A Tale by Colin Wilks (BBCTS); 10.30, Georges Boullanger and his Orchestra; 11.15, Goodnight Music; 11.20, Weather Report; God Save The King; 11.30, Close up.

Mr Morley-John said that the complainant was returning to her home at 10 Fa Hui Road, third floor, Shamshui Po, between 10-10.30 a.m. on May 12 after doing some shopping. She was ascending the staircase and had reached a landing between the ground and first floors when she heard footsteps behind her. She turned and saw the accused coming up. She stood aside to let him pass and as he did so he grasped her right wrist and broke off the gold chain bracelet she was wearing.

PROSECUTION

The Prosecution was conducted by Mr M. Morley-John, Crown Counsel, who recently arrived in the Colony to join the Legal Department. He was assisted by Det. Sub-Asst. E. F. Grace.

Mr Morley-John said that the complainant was returning to her home at 10 Fa Hui Road, third floor, Shamshui Po, between 10-10.30 a.m. on May 12 after doing some shopping. She was ascending the staircase and had reached a landing between the ground and first floors when she heard footsteps behind her. She turned and saw the accused coming up. She stood aside to let him pass and as he did so he grasped her right wrist and broke off the gold chain bracelet she was wearing.

ACCUSED

Complainant should shout to her aman for help, and accused was then alleged to have struck her several blows on her face with his fist, catching hold of her throat at the same time. Complainant continued to shout and accused ran down the stairs, followed by the woman.

In a statement made to the Police in answer to the charge, and read by Lam Shing-tong, interpreter, accused said: "Yes, I did rob her things. I struck her one blow with the fist.

Accused declined to give evidence or make any statement at the end of the prosecution's case.

JURY UNANIMOUS

His Lordship then summed up and the Jury, without retiring, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty against accused.

Mr Morley-John revealed that in July, 1950, accused had been sentenced to consecutive terms of eight months and six months for larceny from the person, and had been recommended for banishment. Accused was at present serving 12 months' hard labour for a breach of the deportation order, he added.

In sentencing accused, the Chief Justice ordered that the term he imposed for the robbery be consecutive to the sentence accused is now undergoing.

A number of students of both sexes from the New Method English Tutorial School, Wan-chai, accompanied by a teacher, were spectators at the trial.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

1. December 31, 1950 at Uniontown, Pa. 2. Louis Jacques Mande Daguerre. 3. Dr Mary Edwards Walker, assistant army surgeon in the Civil War. 4. The Tartars (Mongols) under Genghis Khan. 5. In the part opposite to the sun or moon. 6. Table Mountain near Cape Town, South Africa.

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